• Analyzing Cultures and Societies

Students will be able to employ research-based approaches to knowledge-building and understanding of the societies, systems, and cultures they identify with as well as societies throughout the globe.

In order to be certified in the core, a class must meet the first 3 SLOs, and <u>one</u> of the last 3 SLOs, for a total of 4 SLOs out of 6.

Student Learning	Canatana	Advanced	Emorging	Benchmark
Student Learning	Capstone	Advanced	Emerging	Benchmark
Outcomes		Milestone	Milestone	
Understanding One's Own and Others' Perspectives	Evaluates and applies diverse perspectives to complex questions that reflect multiple perspectives or worldviews; evaluates one's own position in the analysis and acknowledges conflicts	Synthesizes diverse perspectives and asks increasingly complex questions about other worldviews; shows a growing understanding of one's own perspective	Draws connections and distinctions between diverse perspectives or worldviews; shows some awareness of own perspective	Identifies at least one perspective beyond one's own, but describes the experience of self or others primarily through one cultural perspective or worldview
Understanding Contextual Factors	Analyzes the connections between contextual factors and their combined influence on individuals, groups, or institutions	Draws connections between contextual factors and their influence on individuals, groups, or institutions	Explains contextual factors that influence individuals, groups, or institutions	Recognizes/identifie s contextual factors that influence individuals, groups, or institutions
Understanding	Analyzes the ways in	Examines major	Identifies major	Identifies the basic
Global Systems	which patterns and processes of globalization make visible the interconnections, differences, and evolution of human societies.	elements of global systems, and connects interactions and exchanges among societies with broader patterns and processes of	elements of global systems, and begins to recognize patterns and processes within interactions and exchanges among societies	role of institutions, interactions, and exchange among societies.
		globalization		
Promoting Intercultural Competence	Demonstrates sophisticated understanding of other cultures; synthesizes knowledge and experience to ask	Demonstrates advanced understanding of elements important to members of another culture;	Examines elements important to Defines global challenges in basic ways, including limited perspectives and solutions from	Identifies and describes elements important to members of another culture (in relation to its bistory values
	experience to ask complex questions	asks deeper questions about other cultures	and solutions from members of another culture;	history, values, politics, communication

	about other cultures		asks increasingly complex questions about other cultures	styles, economy, or beliefs and practices)
Global Problem Solving	Synthesizes knowledge and skills into sophisticated, appropriate, and workable solutions to address complex global problems using interdisciplinary perspectives	Plans and evaluates more complex solutions to global challenges that are appropriate to their contexts using interdisciplinary perspectives (ie. cultural, historical, political, scientific)	Formulates practical yet elementary solutions to global challenges using disciplinary perspectives (ie. cultural, historical, political, scientific)	
Theories, Methods, Concepts	Applies social science theories, methods or concepts to provide a complex, sophisticated analysis of human issues	Applies relevant theories, methods, or concepts to explain human issues	Defines and describes theories, methods or concepts in the social & behavioral sciences	Recognizes/identifie s theories, methods or concepts in the social & behavioral sciences